

# BAY AREA **EXPRESS LANES**





# MTC Express Lanes Quarterly Report 1st Quarter 2016

Submitted: May 25, 2016





# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

l.	Program Highlights	.1
II.	Program Overview	.2
III.	Program Schedule Summary	.5
IV.	Program Cost Summary	.6
V.	Project Summary Sheets	10

### **Appendices**

Construction is well under way on I-680 in Contra Costa County, the first Bay Area Express Lane project to be planned, built and operated by MTC.



An overhead sign frame that will display tolling information. (See additional construction photographs on pages 15-17)

i

# I. PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

The purpose of this report is to summarize the progress of delivering Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) Express Lanes. The report covers the first quarter of 2016, January 1 to March 31.

The California Transportation Commission (CTC) approved the MTC's application to implement and operate its 270-mile express lane network on October 27, 2011. Soon thereafter, work began to environmentally clear the first phase of express lane conversion projects and produce a Concept of Operations describing how the express lanes will operate. Currently, there are several projects at varying stages of development with the first project scheduled to open in 2017.

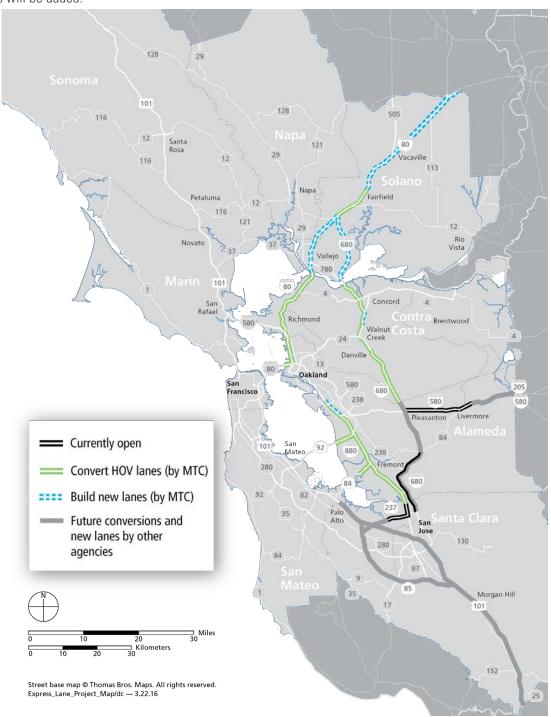
Project Development & Construction	1st Quarter 2016 Highlights	Current Activities
I-880 Alameda (ALA-880) Between San Leandro and Milpitas Hegenberger Road/Lewelling Boulevard to Dixon Landing Road	<ul> <li>Caltrans awarded the median barrier contract to the lowest bidder in March. The contract includes express lane sign and light foundations.</li> <li>MTC staff conducted a second round of meetings with the local jurisdiction staff during the first quarter of 2016 to provide updates on scope and schedule.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>95% design is being prepared for submittal to Caltrans in May.</li> <li>MTC staff and Caltrans are planning a workshop with the low bidder of the median barrier construction contract to identify opportunities to complete the barrier faster in order to reduce impact to the express lanes opening date.</li> <li>The current cost trend is significantly higher than the project budget, as described under the Risk Management Plan on Page 9.</li> </ul>
I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment (CC-680 South) Between Walnut Creek and San Ramon Livorna Road/Rudgear Road to Alcosta Boulevard	<ul> <li>Backhaul construction commenced in February.</li> <li>During the 1st Quarter, Toll System Integrator installed variable message equipment onto highway signs in a warehouse for installation by civil contractor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Backhaul construction continues on the segment between Walnut Creek and San Ramon.</li> <li>Toll System Integrator to test network design viability by pulling fiber at one site.</li> <li>Civil construction is over 70% complete. (See construction photographs on pages 16-18)</li> </ul>
I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment Southbound Conversion (CC-680 North) Martinez to Walnut Creek Marina Vista Boulevard to Rudgear Road/SR 242	<ul> <li>Staff presented the project to the TRANSPAC in February. (Regional Transportation Planning Committee for Central Contra Costa.)</li> <li>All environmental studies were updated prior to resubmittal in March.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Environmental studies are progressing.</li> <li>Staff continues work with Caltrans to find feasible solutions to create width for the striped buffer in stretches with existing narrow lanes.</li> <li>Draft preliminary engineering report is in development and circulation is projected for late April.</li> <li>65% design is in development and circulation is projected for June.</li> </ul>
I-80 Solano West (SOL-80 West) Fairfield Red Top Road to Air Base Parkway & I-80 Solano East (SOL-80 East) Fairfield to Vacaville Air Base Parkway to I-505	<ul> <li>Final environmental document was filed in December. The 30-day statute of limitations period ended in January.</li> <li>Encroachment permit application for field studies was submitted to Caltrans in January.</li> </ul>	Preliminary civil design is under development.

Project Development & Construction	1st Quarter 2016 Highlights	Current Activities
Centralized Toll System	<ul> <li>Final toll system host and software design was approved in March.</li> <li>Toll operations staffing contract was awarded in March.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Toll system software development continues and will culminate with Factory Acceptance Testing to start in late Spring.</li> <li>Design-Build work for the 375 Beale Operations Center is on-going.</li> <li>Installation of communications hubs at host data centers to start in Spring.</li> </ul>
Public Information	Issued six bi-monthly construction notices to over 1,000 stakeholders about the I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment.	<ul> <li>Staff will field an express lanes survey to potential I-680 express lane customers in the second quarter to understand perceptions and inform customer education needs.</li> <li>Staff will outreach to lower income potential express lane users through the Monument Crisis Center.</li> <li>Staff will conduct toll ordinance public hearings this summer.</li> <li>Communications and outreach for civil and backhaul construction is on-going.</li> </ul>

# B. Operating Authority

MTC and the Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA) have formed a joint powers authority to develop and operate MTC Express Lanes. The joint powers authority, known as the Bay Area Infrastructure Financing Authority (BAIFA), is composed primarily of representatives of the three counties where the express lanes are located: Alameda, Contra Costa and Solano. BAIFA is responsible for policy and operational decisions such as toll rates, project phasing and use of revenue.

The map below highlights MTC's portion of Bay Area Express Lanes and shows where lanes will be converted from HOV lanes and where new lanes will be added.



Map of Bay Area Express Lanes (MTC lanes highlighted)

# II. PROGRAM OVERVIEW

# A. Program Description

MTC and partner agencies are implementing a regional network of express lanes called Bay Area Express Lanes. Upon completion, Bay Area Express Lanes will comprise 550 miles of express lanes operated by MTC, the Valley Transportation Authority (VTA), the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC), and the Sunol Smart Corridors Joint Powers Authority (Sunol JPA) as shown on the map of the Bay Area Express Lane Network.

Primary objectives for Bay Area Express Lanes include:

- Create a seamless network of HOV lanes to encourage carpools, vanpools and express buses;
- Make the best use of HOV lane capacity;
- Provide reliable travel times for solo drivers; and
- Better manage all lanes to keep traffic moving.

MTC's portion of the Bay Area Express Lanes, referred to as MTC Express Lanes, will include 270 miles of express lanes — 150 miles of converted high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes and 120 miles of new lanes — on I-80 in Alameda, Contra Costa and Solano Counties, I-880 in Alameda County, I-680 in Contra Costa and Solano counties, and the westbound approaches to the Bay Bridge, San Mateo Bridge and Dumbarton Bridge.

Appendix B includes an overview of how express lanes work.



Map of Bay Area Express Lane Network

# D. MTC Express Lane Project Funding

MTC is using existing funding to convert existing HOV lanes to express lanes and to conduct environmental studies on some gap closure projects, so they are "shelf-ready" should construction funding become available. This will allow MTC to open as much of its 270-mile network as quickly as possible.

The table below lists the projects that comprise MTC Express Lanes according to current funding status.

County	Route	Project	Geographical Limits	Environmental	Design	Construction
NEAR TE	RM CONVERSIONS					
ALA	880	I-880 Alameda	Between San Leandro and Milpitas Hegenberger Rd./Lewelling Blvd. to Dixon Landing Rd.	•	•	•
CC	680	I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment	Between Walnut Creek and San Ramon Livorna Rd./Rudgear Rd. to Alcosta Blvd.	•	•	•
CC	680	I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment - Southbound Conversion	Martinez to Walnut Creek  Marina Vista Blvd. to Rudgear RD./SR 242	•	•	•
SOL	80	I-80 Solano West	Fairfield Red Top Rd. to Air Base Pkwy.	•	•	0
GAP CLO	SURE OPPORTUNITY	/ PROJECTS				
CC	680	I-680 Northern Segment Southbound Conversion	Martinez to Walnut Creek Benicia Bridge to Rudgear Road	•	•	•
CC	680	I-680 North Northbound Extension	Walnut Creek to Concord North Main Street to SR 242	0	0	0
SOL	80	I-80 Solano East	Fairfield to Vacaville Air Base Parkway to I-505	•	•	0
FUTURE (	CONVERSIONS					
ALA/ CC	80	I-80 and Westbound Bridge Approaches	Cummings Skyway to Bay Bridge San Mateo Bridge Westbound Approach Dumbarton Bridge Westbound Approach	•	0	0
CC	680	I-680 Northern Segment - Northbound Conversion	Walnut Creek to Benicia North Main St. to the Benicia Bridge	•	0	0

KEY
 ● Funded ● Partially Funded ○ Unfunded ALA = Alameda, CC = Contra Costa, SOL = Solano

# III. PROGRAM SCHEDULE SUMMARY

The schedule summary below reflects the "open to traffic" dates of the baseline schedule, and the current completion forecast for the projects that are fully funded.

Project	Baseline Opening	Forecast Opening	Confidence Level	Detail Page
I-880 Alameda (ALA-880) Between San Leandro and Milpitas Hegenberger Rd./Lewelling Blvd. to Dixon Landing Rd.	Spring 2019	Spring 2019	•	12
I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment (CC-680 South) Between Walnut Creek and San Ramon, Livorna Rd./Rudgear Rd. to Alcosta Blvd.	Fall 2016	Spring 2017	•	14
I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment - Southbound Conversion (CC-680 North) Martinez to Walnut Creek Marina Vista Blvd. to Rudgear RD./SR 242	Fall 2018	Fall 2018	•	18

#### KEY

- Within schedule shown.
- Identified potential risks that may significantly impact schedule if not mitigated.
- Known impact to schedule, changes forthcoming.

# IV. PROGRAM COST SUMMARY

### A. Conversions and Gap Closure Opportunity Projects

The cost summary below shows: 1) the costs of each express lane [corridor or segment] including planning, design and construction of the civil infrastructure, and installation and integration of the backhaul communications and toll system, and 2) programwide costs including planning and design, and implementation of centralized elements of the backhaul network and toll system. The program cost estimate includes the full estimated cost to complete MTC Express Lanes. The approved expenditure plan fully funds the first three projects listed below, the environmental and design phases for the I-80 projects in Solano County, and the environmental phase for the SR 92 and SR 84 projects. The expended-to-date amounts shown represent the amount of BATA express lane funds expended through the end of the current quarter. Note that the distribution of expenditures has shifted as compared to the last report due to the reclassification of prior costs to be consistent with the latest expenditure plan.

	Program Estimate <sup>(2)</sup>	Cost Forecast <sup>(3)</sup>	Regional Measure 2 (allocated)	BATA Express Lane Funds <sup>(4)</sup>			Physical %	Confidence
Project <sup>(1)</sup>				June 2015 Baseline	Dec 2015 Amendment	Expended To Date	Complete <sup>(5)</sup>	Level <sup>(6)</sup>
NEAR TERM CONVERSIONS			Costs	shown in thous	ands of escalated	dollars		
I-880 Alameda	77,779	77,779		77,779	77,779	14,330	15%	•
I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment	55,649	55,649		48,939	55,649	20,064	50%	•
I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment Southbound Conversion	36,099	36,099	3,812	32,288	32,288	525	5%	•
I-80 Solano West	43,941	9,356	6,504	2,852	2,852	233	10%	•
Centralized Toll System	33,574	33,574		36,207	33,574	8,058	25%	•
Program Planning, Coordination & Management	28,437	28,437		28,437	28,437	10,554	45%	•
Program Contingency	50,000	35,923		40,000	35,923	0		•
Capitalized Start-up O&M	16,000	16,000		16,000	16,000	39		•
GAP CLOSURE OPPORTUNITY PROJECTS								
I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment - Southbound HOV Completion <sup>(7)</sup>	19,000	19,000		19,000	19,000	0	0%	•
I-680 Contra Costa Northbound Express Lane Completion (N. Main St. to SR-242)	57,287							
I-80 Solano East	135,484	24,810	8,696	16,114	16,114	0	10%	•
FUTURE CONVERSIONS								
I-80 Alameda/Contra Costa & Westbound Bay, San Mateo & Dumbarton Bridge Approaches	110,884	5,692	5,000	692	692	692	1%	•
I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment - Northbound Conversion	14,575	1,511	1,511			0	5%	
Centralized & Program Costs, and Start-Up O&M Gap Closures & Future Conversions	TBD							
TOTALS	678,709	343,831	25,522	318,309	318,309	54,497	19%	

Other gap closure and extension projects not shown: ALA-880 extension northbound from Lewelling to Hegenberger; SOL-80 gap closure from Carquinez Bridge to Red Top Road; SOL-80 extension east of I-505; SOL-680 gap closure

(6)

Program estimate represents current estimated cost to complete each project.

<sup>(3)</sup> Cost forecast represents current estimated cost to complete phases that are funded for each project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> BATA Express Lane Funds represent the funds that have been allocated from the BATA budget.

Physical percent complete shown is based on the achievement of major milestones whether those milestones were completed using BAIFA funds or other funds. Projects that have completed milestones using other funds include I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment, I-80 Solano West and I-80 Solano East.

 <sup>=</sup> within budget,
 = identified potential risks that may significantly exceed budget if not mitigated,
 = known impacts to budget - changes forthcoming.

Cost shown is BAIFA's contribution toward shortfall. Total project cost is \$85M. Other funds include Measure J (\$37M), RM2 (\$13M), STIP (\$16M)

# B. Change Management

The change management process captures the changes in the program that have an impact on the approved baselines.

The major change to the MTC Express Lanes Program recorded through this process is as follows:

• MTC and Caltrans propose to operate the I-680 express lanes all day. Currently, I-680 carpool lane hours are during the morning and evening peak periods (5am-9am and 3am-7pm, respectively). When converted to express lanes, MTC will dynamically toll the lanes all day (5am to 8pm). This change request identifies the timeline for contractor change orders to implement daily operations. Staff has projected peak period and midday tolled vehicles for I-680, has performed a sensitivity analysis of the midday minimum toll relative to peak period average tolls, and has recommended a minimum toll of \$.30 per zone for consistency with other Bay Area express lanes.

## C. Risk Management Plan

MTC manages risk at both the program and contract level by identifying risks that could negatively impact the program's cost and schedule and assigns responsibility to the person best positioned to manage each risk.

The program contingency is compared and tracked on a monthly basis with a risk-assessed contingency derived from the program risk register. The figure below shows the change in the mean risk-assessed capital contingency as the identified risks are mitigated and/or reduced as the project progresses.

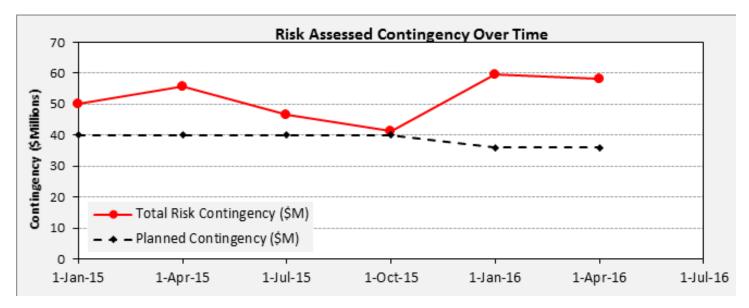
As of April 5, 2016, the mean risk-assessed contingency stands at \$58.1 million. As described in the January 2016 quarterly report, this is a significant increase when compared to the October 2015 quarter's total of \$41.3 million and is due to the risk that the cost to construct the I-880 corridor will exceed the available budget as described below.

The top contributors to this risk-assessed capital contingency along with the planned/ongoing mitigations are as follows:

#### I-880 Alameda

 The costs to construct and implement the I-880 corridor may significantly exceed the project budget and deplete the program contingency. The current cost trend is approximately \$38 million higher than the project budget due to the additional cost of highway lighting, widening at access locations and signage not anticipated in the original budget.

- The I-880 backhaul and civil contract work must be staged to minimize, if not eliminate, conflicts with Caltrans' I-880 median barrier contract, creating a risk that delays on the median barrier contract could lead to cost escalation and delays in opening the I-880 Express Lanes. This risk of delay is being mitigated by combining the Express Lanes backhaul contract into the civil contract to reduce the amount of contract interfaces and make it easier to determine a best fit staging plan with the Caltrans median barrier contract. In addition, MTC staff are continuing discussions with Caltrans staff to identify strategies to reduce the duration of the median barrier contract.
- In three locations, the project must restripe all of the freeway lanes to create a transition lane between the Express Lane and the adjacent general purpose lane. When this is done, the pavement will be scarred in such a way that driver distraction might result. Caltrans has requested that this issue be addressed through pavement resurfacing. This increased scope of work will impact project schedule and cost, but can be mitigated by coordinating with a planned Caltrans resurfacing project that will repave a portion of the scarred pavement. The team is also exploring a request of Caltrans to provide all of the required Express Lanes resurfacing as part of their contract, which should result in bid savings over having the Express Lanes contractor perform the work.



This summary chart shows mean risk-assessed contingency over time for the MTC Express Lanes program. This chart does not include detailed risks for projects on I-80 in Solano County. Details will be added when design for the projects gets underway.

#### I-680 Contra Costa Northern Segment

 Pavement stripe removal and additional pavement resurfacing may be required for all lanes of the I-680 corridor to eliminate scarring due to existing narrow lanes in the corridor. This increased scope of work may impact project schedule and cost. This risk will be mitigated by thoroughly researching other solutions and coordinating the needs and requirements with Caltrans.

#### I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment

 Delays in starting the backhaul construction contract for the I-680 corridor could impact both civil and lane-side toll system integration contractors. The project team is coordinating closely on the schedule and is prepared to assess options for sequencing work should there be further delays in the backhaul contract.

#### Programwide Risks

 Regional policy change recommendations resulting from the managed lanes implementation plan (e.g., change in HOV occupancy or hours policy) may cause changes to design or operational policy and may impact scheduled opening dates. In addition, changes could result in increased costs

- for analysis, toll system design, signage or operations. The program team is monitoring decisions on I-580 hours of operation and exploring potential impacts to MTC's Express Lanes.
- The scope of MTC's Express Lanes program could be expanded to include other agency projects without additional budget allocation. For example, the Freeway Performance Initiative (FPI), park and ride lot improvements, etc., could be made part of the Express Lanes program. The mitigation plan is to monitor requests for additional scope and seek additional funding associated with such requests.
- Potential changes to state or national interoperability requirements may cause changes to design or operational policy that may have cost impacts for MTC's Express Lanes program. The California Toll Operators Committee has a goal that all operators will be able to read and process 6C transactions by spring of 2018. This would require tuning for the I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment and thus may have cost impacts for MTC's Express Lanes. This risk will be managed by participating in the development plan of the transition from Title 21 compliant toll technology to 6C compliant toll technology.
- Costs may escalate at higher than projected levels resulting in increased costs for design or construction.

# **PROJECT SUMMARY SHEETS**

Centralized Functions (e.g. Toll System & Program Management,

Planning and Regional Coordination)

#### Total Estimated Cost

\$33.6 million for the Centralized Toll System \$28.4 for Program Planning, Coordination & Management

#### Schedule

Centralized Toll System will be ready with opening of the CC-680 South Project in the Spring of 2017.

Program Planning Coordination & Management is ongoing through the opening of the funded projects.

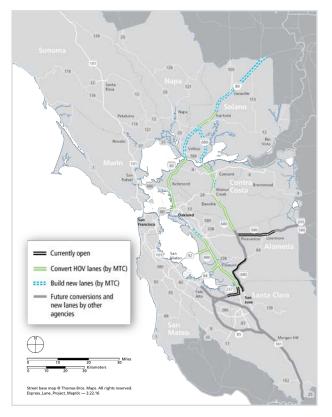
#### **Project Description**

The centralized toll system includes the elements of the toll system that are needed to toll all the lanes, as well as the backhaul communications network components that transport toll data from MTC lanes to host and toll operations data centers, including corridor communication hubs. Additional system elements are the fiber optic cables and leased line services to transport data. Centralized toll system work includes designing and implementing the hardware and software for dynamic toll setting and trip building, integration with the FasTrak® Regional Customer Service Center, and acquiring spare parts.

Program management, planning and regional coordination tasks include managing the expenditure plan, cost, schedule and risk; developing the express lane business rules and toll ordinance; conducting customer education and outreach; building out the toll operations center and developing operating procedures; planning for future express lanes; and coordinating with partner agencies to offer a seamless experience for drivers.

#### **Project Highlights and Progress**

- Design-Build contract for the 375 Beale Operations Center awarded in September 2015.
- Construction contract for the communications network of the host data centers and CC-680 South awarded in December 2015.
- Final toll system host and software design approved in March 2016.
- Toll operations staffing contract awarded in March 2016.



#### **Current Project Activities**

- Toll system software development continues with Factory Acceptance Testing to start in late spring.
- Design-Build work for the 375 Beale Operations Center is on-going.
- Installation of communications hubs at host data centers to start in Spring 2016.
- Development of operating procedures is underway.
- Staff is preparing for adoption of the toll ordinance, including toll violation procedures and penalties, in 2016.
- Staff will field an express lanes survey to potential I-680 express lane customers in the second quarter to understand perceptions and inform customer education needs.
- Staff will outreach to lower income potential express lane users through the Monument Crisis Center.
- Staff will conduct toll ordinance public hearings this summer.
- Communications and outreach for civil and backhaul construction is on-going.

## I-880 Alameda (ALA-880) – between Oakland and Milpitas

#### Hegenberger Road/Lewelling Boulevard to Dixon Landing Road

#### **Total Program Estimate**

\$77.8 million

#### Scheduled Open Date

Spring 2019

#### **Project Description**

The project converts the existing I-880 HOV lanes that run from Hegenberger Road to Dixon Landing Road in the southbound direction and from Dixon Landing Road to Lewelling Boulevard in the northbound direction to an express lane.

The conversion involves lane striping and installing sign gantries, signs, FasTrak® toll tag readers, traffic monitoring video cameras and California Highway Patrol observation areas. It will result in 51 express lane miles between Oakland and Milpitas.

#### **Project Highlights and Progress**

- Environmental document completed in October 2015.
- Caltrans opened bid for the median barrier construction contract on December 3. After resolving a bid protest, Caltrans awarded the contract to the lowest bidder in March 2016.
- Caltrans agreed that only one circulation of toll system plans will be required to secure the encroachment permit.
- MTC staff conducted a second round of meetings with the local jurisdiction staff during the first quarter of 2016 to provide updates on scope and schedule.

#### **Current Project Activities**

- 95% design is being prepared for submittal to Caltrans in May 2016. Staff is working to resolve various design issues.
- MTC staff and Caltrans are planning a workshop with the low bidder of the median barrier construction contract to identify opportunities to complete the barrier faster in order to reduce impact to the express lanes opening date.



- The current cost trend is significantly higher than the project budget, as described under the Risk Management Plan on Page 9.
- MTC and Caltrans are working on a coordinated strategy to communicate with the public during construction of the median barrier and express lanes.

#### Project Schedule by Phase



<sup>\*</sup>Includes I-880 median barrier improvements.

#### **Project Cost**

Program	Cost Regional BATA Express Lane Funds <sup>(3)</sup>					Physical %
Estimate <sup>(1)</sup>	Forecast <sup>(2)</sup>	Measure 2 (allocated)	June 2015 Baseline	Dec 2015 Amendment	Expended To Date	Complete <sup>(4)</sup>
77,779	77,779		77,779	77,779	14,330	15%

The program estimate for this project includes planning, design, construction, utilities, backhaul communications and toll system integration.

Costs shown in thousands of escalated dollars.

- Program estimate represents current estimated cost to complete each project.
- Cost forecast represents current estimated cost to complete phases that are funded for each project.
- BATA Express Lane Funds represent the funds that have been allocated from the BATA budget.
- (4) Physical percent complete shown is based on the achievement of major milestones whether those milestones were completed using BAIFA funds or other funds.

# I-680 Contra Costa Southern Segment (CC-680 South) — between Walnut Creek and San Ramon

#### Livorna Road/Rudgear Road to Alcosta Boulevard

#### **Total Program Estimate**

\$55.6 million

#### Scheduled Open Date

Spring 2017

The scheduled open date has been revised from Fall 2016 to Spring 2017. This reflects delay in construction associated with the rebid of the backhaul construction contract in Fall 2015 and rain in the early part of 2016.

#### **Project Description**

The project converts existing HOV lanes to express lanes on I-680 from Rudgear Road to Alcosta Boulevard in the southbound direction and from Alcosta Boulevard to Livorna Road in the northbound direction. It will result in 23 express lane miles through San Ramon, Danville, Alamo and southern Walnut Creek. No widening or additional lanes will be added to the freeway.

This conversion project includes striping lanes and installing sign gantries, signs, FasTrak® toll tag readers, and traffic monitoring video cameras. In addition, the project installs equipment and observation areas to help the California Highway Patrol enforce proper use of the lanes.

#### **Project Highlights and Progress**

- Environmental document completed in August 2014.
- Final design completed in April 2015.
- Civil construction began in August 2015.
- Final design for both the backhaul communication network and the toll system was completed in December 2015.
- Caltrans encroachment permits for the toll system and backhaul was completed in December 2015.
- Backhaul construction commenced in February 2016.
- During the 1st Quarter, Toll System Integrator installed variable message equipment onto highway signs in a warehouse for installation by civil contractor.



#### **Current Project Activities**

- Backhaul construction continues on the segment between Walnut Creek and San Ramon.
- Toll System Integrator to test network design viability by pulling fiber at one site.
- Civil construction is over 70% complete.

#### Project Schedule by Phase



#### **Project Cost**

Program			(/loacuro /		BATA	Physical %
Estimate <sup>(1)</sup>	Forecast <sup>(2)</sup>	t <sup>(2)</sup> (allocated)	June 2015 Baseline	Dec 2015 Amendment	Expended To Date	Complete <sup>(4)</sup>
55,649	55,649		48,939	55,649	20,064	50%

The program estimate for this project includes planning, design, construction, utilities, backhaul communications and toll system integration.

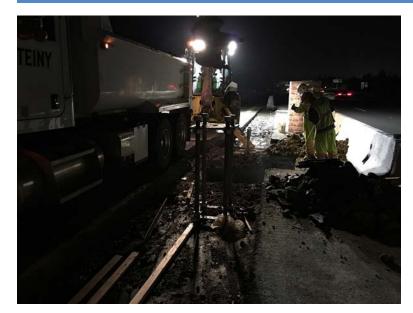
Costs shown in thousands of escalated dollars.

- Program estimate represents current estimated cost to complete each project.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Cost forecast represents current estimated cost to complete phases that are funded for each project.
- BATA Express Lane Funds represent the funds that have been allocated from the BATA budget.
- (4) Physical percent complete shown is based on the achievement of major milestones whether those milestones were completed using BAIFA funds or other funds.



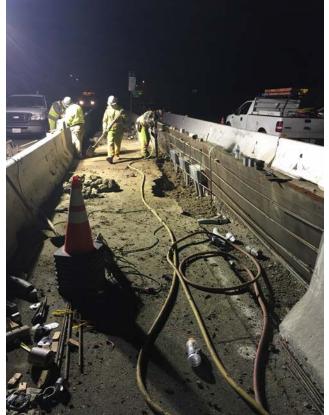
Construction crews pave a section of I-680.

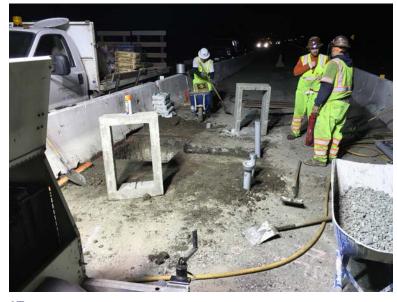
#### Bay Area Infrastructure Financing Authority (BAIFA)



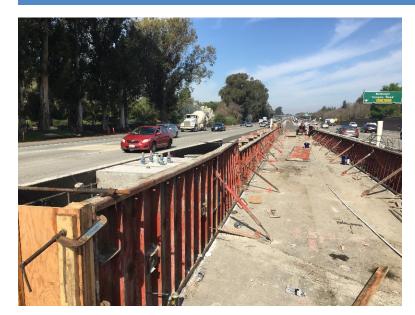
Electrical crews boring in the median barrier.







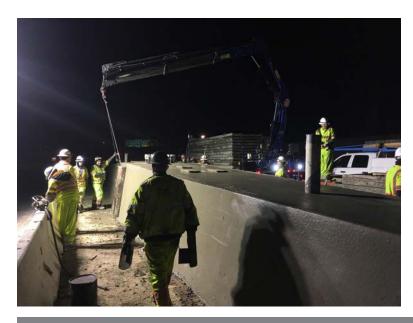
Electrical crews working in the median barrier.



Preparing median barrier replacement for a concrete pour.







Construction crews working on a concrete pour for the median barrier replacement.

# I-680 Northern Segment Southbound Conversion (CC-680 North) — Martinez to Walnut Creek

#### Benicia Bridge to Rudgear Road

#### **Total Program Estimate**

\$36.1 million (\$32.3 million to be funded by BAIFA)

#### Scheduled Open Date

End of 2018

#### **Project Description**

The project will convert 11 miles of the existing HOV lane on southbound I-680 from just south of Marina Vista Avenue in Martinez to North Main Street in Walnut Creek into an express lane. It also includes express lane elements for the I-680 Southbound HOV Completion Project. Once complete, I-680 will have a continuous southbound express lane from Martinez to the Alameda County line.

Civil construction will be delivered by the Contra Costa Transportation Authority (CCTA). MTC will install toll and communications equipment and will operate the express lanes.

#### **Project Highlights and Progress**

- Caltrans accepted the Traffic Operation Analysis Report in October.
- Project staff presented the project to the TRANSPAC at the Technical Advisory Committee meeting in February 2016. (TRANSPAC is the Regional Transportation Planning Committee for Central Contra Costa.)
- All environmental studies updated prior to resubmittal in March 2016.

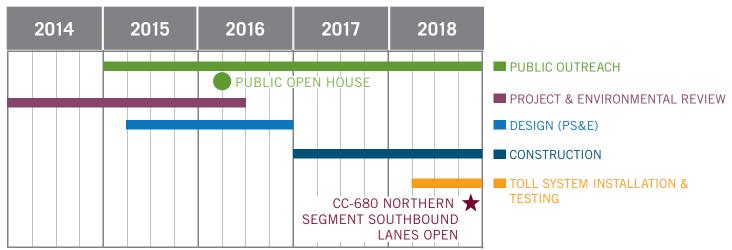
#### **Current Project Activities**

- Environmental studies are progressing.
- MTC and CCTA staff continue work with Caltrans to find feasible solutions to create width for the striped buffer in stretches with existing narrow lanes.



- Draft preliminary engineering report is in development and circulation is projected for late April 2016.
- 65% design is in development and circulation is projected for June 2016.

#### Project Schedule by Phase



#### **Project Cost**

Program	Cost	Cost Regional BATA Express Lane Funds <sup>(3)</sup>				
Estimate <sup>(1)</sup>	Forecast <sup>(2)</sup>	Measure 2 (allocated)	June 2015 Baseline	Dec 2015 Amendment	Expended To Date	Physical % Complete <sup>(4)</sup>
36,099	36,099	3,812	32,288	32,288	525	5%

The program estimate for this project includes planning, design, construction, utilities, backhaul communications and toll system integration.

Costs shown in thousands of escalated dollars.

- Program estimate represents current estimated cost to complete each project.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Cost forecast represents current estimated cost to complete phases that are funded for each project.
- BATA Express Lane Funds represent the funds that have been allocated from the BATA budget.
- (4) Physical percent complete shown is based on the achievement of major milestones whether those milestones were completed using BAIFA funds or other funds.

## I-80 Solano West (SOL-80 West) - Fairfield

#### Red Top Road to Air Base Parkway

#### **Total Program Estimate**

\$43.9 million

#### Scheduled Open Date

TBD

#### **Project Description**

This project will convert the existing eastbound and westbound HOV lanes to express lanes between Red Top Road and Air Base Parkway in Fairfield, resulting in 18 miles of express lanes. Conversion work includes striping lanes and installing sign gantries, signs, FasTrak® toll tag readers, and traffic-monitoring video cameras.

The Solano Transportation Authority (STA) is the lead agency for environmental clearance and civil design.

Civil construction will be delivered by STA. MTC will install toll and communications equipment and will operate the express lanes.

#### **Project Highlights and Progress**

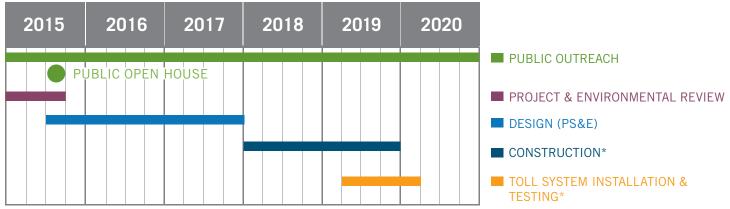
- Public open forum hearing held August 4.
- Final environmental document filed in December. The 30-day statute of limitations period ended in January.
- Encroachment permit application for field studies submitted to Caltrans in January.

#### **Current Project Activities**

Preliminary civil design is under development.



#### Project Schedule by Phase



<sup>\*</sup> Funding for these activities is not yet secured.

#### **Project Cost**

Program	Cost Regional BATA Express Lane Funds <sup>(3)</sup>					Physical %
Estimate <sup>(1)</sup>	Forecast <sup>(2)</sup>	Measure 2 (allocated)	June 2015 Baseline	Dec 2015 Amendment	Expended To Date	Complete <sup>(4)</sup>
43,941	9,356	6,504	2,852	2,852	233	10%

The program estimate for this project includes planning, design, construction, utilities, backhaul communications and toll system integration.

Costs shown in thousands of escalated dollars.

- Program estimate represents current estimated cost to complete each project.
- (2) Cost forecast represents current estimated cost to complete phases that are funded for each project. I-80 Solano West is funded through the design phase.
- BATA Express Lane Funds represent the funds that have been allocated from the BATA budget.
- (4) Physical percent complete shown is based on the achievement of major milestones whether those milestones were completed using BAIFA funds or other funds.

## I-80 Solano East (SOL-80 East) - Between Fairfield and Vacaville

Air Base Parkway to I-505

#### **Total Program Estimate**

\$135.5 million

#### Scheduled Open Date

**TBD** 

#### **Project Description**

This project will construct new eastbound and westbound express lanes between Air Base Parkway and I-505, for 18 miles of new express lanes. The highway will be widened and express lane striping, signage and equipment will be installed.

The Solano Transportation Authority (STA) is the lead agency for environmental clearance and civil design.

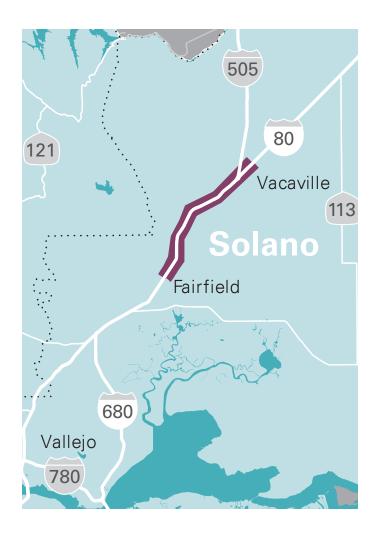
Civil construction will be delivered by STA. MTC will install toll and communications equipment and will operate the express lanes.

#### **Project Highlights and Progress**

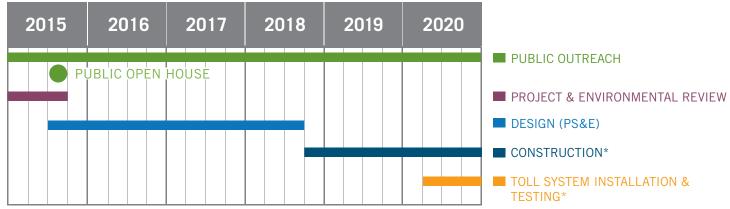
- Public open forum hearing held August 4.
- Final environmental document filed in December. The 30day statute of limitations period ended in January.
- Encroachment permit application for field studies submitted to Caltrans in January.

#### **Current Project Activities**

Preliminary civil design is under development.



#### Project Schedule by Phase



<sup>\*</sup> Funding for these activities is not yet secured.

#### **Project Cost**

Program	Cost Regional BATA Express Lane Funds <sup>(3)</sup>					Physical %
Estimate <sup>(1)</sup>	Forecast <sup>(2)</sup>	Measure 2 (allocated)	June 2015 Baseline	Dec 2015 Amendment	Expended To Date	Complete <sup>(4)</sup>
135,484	24,810	8,696	16,114	16,114	0	10%

The program estimate for this project includes planning, design, construction, utilities, backhaul communications and toll system integration.

Costs shown in thousands of escalated dollars.

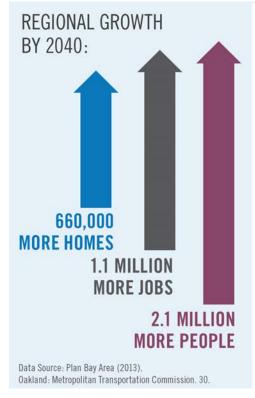
- Program estimate represents current estimated cost to complete each project.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Cost forecast represents current estimated cost to complete phases that are funded for each project.
- BATA Express Lane Funds represent the funds that have been allocated from the BATA budget.
- (4) Physical percent complete shown is based on the achievement of major milestones whether those milestones were completed using BAIFA funds or other funds.

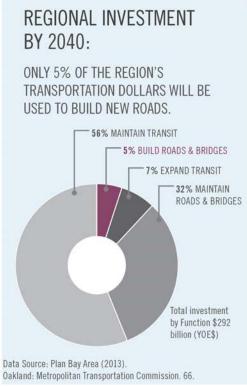
# **APPENDICES**

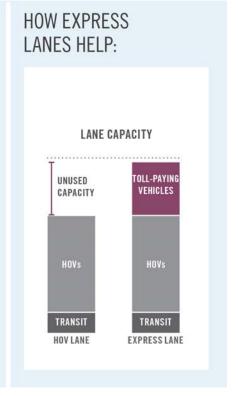
## A. Why Express Lanes?

While regional growth will continue, transportation funding and land are simply not available to build enough new transportation capacity to keep up. Bay Area Express Lanes maximize use of our highways by A) filling any empty space in existing HOV

lanes, B) improving operations in existing HOV lanes through better carpool enforcement and strategies to prevent lane slowdowns, and C) filling gaps in the HOV lane system to encourage more carpooling.







## B. How Express Lanes Work

MTC Express Lanes will be free to carpoolers, vanpoolers, motorcycles, eligible clean air vehicles, and transit buses. Solo drivers can choose to pay tolls to use the lanes. Tolls for solo drivers will be collected electronically via FasTrak®, as on Bay Area toll bridges. Overhead electronic pricing signs will display the current toll rates, which will increase as traffic congestion increases and decrease as traffic congestion decreases.

A qualifying toll-free vehicle will need a FasTrak® Flex toll tag properly mounted in the vehicle, and set in the toll-free position. A FasTrak® Flex tag has a switch that can be set to one of three positions indicating that the vehicle has one (1), two (2), or three or more (3+) occupants. When set on 2 or 3+, the tolling equipment knows not to charge that vehicle a toll. When set on 1, tolls will be charged.

The figure to the right gives an overview of how the express lanes signage will direct drivers and explains how the lanes are to be used.

MTC Express Lanes will mostly have "open," or "continuous" access configurations, meaning drivers will enter and exit the express lanes similar to how they enter and exit the HOV lanes today. Where necessary, due to operational or safety issues, sections of MTC Express Lanes will have

Skip-stripe lane markings show where it is OK to enter and exit the express lane.

Some express lanes will allow continuous access like existing carpool (HOV) lanes.

All vehicles must have a regular or switchable FasTrak® toll tag to drive in the express lane during hours of operation.

Carpools, vanpools, transit vehicles, eligible clean air vehicles and motorcycles with a FasTrak switchable toll tag travel free or at a discount in the express lane. Carpool occupancy requirements may vary by express lane.

Pricing signs display the toll to travel to destinations using the express lane. Tolls will vary with traffic levels to encourage smooth traffic flow and reliable speeds.

Electronic toll tag readers automatically charge tolls to a vehicle's fasTrak account, Like at Bay Area bridges, license plate cameras prevent cheating and support enforcement.

Double-stripe lane markings show where it is illegal to enter and exit the express lane. These access limitations support lane safety and operations.

limited access, meaning that entry and exit to/from an express lane is allowed only at certain locations. Where access is limited, special signage and lane striping will indicate entry and exit locations.

#### FasTrak® Flex

Carpools, vanpools, transit vehicles, eligible clean air vehicles and motorcycles with FasTrak® Flex travel toll-free. Before driving, move the switch to show the number of people in the vehicle. Carpool occupancy requirements may vary by express lane. Solo drivers can use regular FasTrak or FasTrak® Flex set in the "1" position.



# C. System Technology and Elements

MTC Express Lanes are implemented by overlaying communications equipment on new and existing freeway infrastructure. Express lanes implementation requires four discrete elements that are integrated through design, construction and operations, including:

#### Civil Infrastructure (Highway Modifications)

For lane conversions, the civil infrastructure consists of sign structures, sign panels, lane striping, and conduit work for power and communications. For gap closure and extension projects, the civil infrastructure includes highway widening to add lanes as well as the signage and communications equipment required for conversions.

The civil contractor will put in place the foundations and structures upon which the toll systems contractor will install the toll equipment. In addition, the civil contractor will construct the infrastructure necessary to provide power and communications to the toll system.

#### Toll System

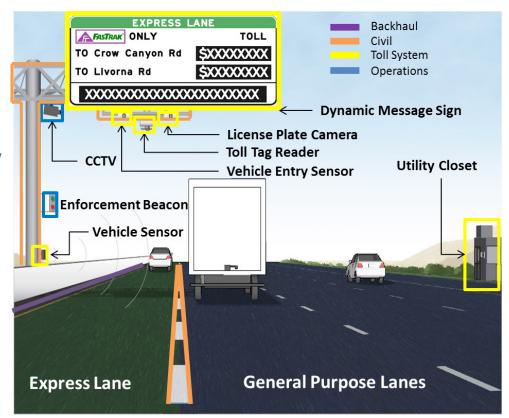
The toll system consists of two components, the in-lane system and the back-end "host" system. The lane system consists of all the equipment on the highway needed to operate the toll system including toll tag readers, cameras and vehicle detection. The host system serves as the brain of the toll system, which collects and processes all the data from the highway and sends it to the regional customer service center for billing.

#### **Backhaul Communications Network**

The backhaul is the communication line along which data collected in the lanes is sent to the toll host system, operations center and regional customer service center. The backhaul contractor will install new conduit and communications fiber as well as utilize existing Caltrans, BART and other existing infrastructure to build the network. The backhaul network is being designed with the expectation that it will become part of a broader regional communications network.

#### **Operations**

The operations element consists of everything that is needed to successfully operate the express lanes including: an operations center, the regional customer service center, enforcement, public outreach, performance monitoring and on-going maintenance. An express lanes toll operations center will be established in the Regional Agency Headquarters building in San Francisco where operators will actively monitor the condition of the lanes and coordinate with Caltrans and the California Highway Patrol to ensure that the lanes operate efficiently.



For illustrative purposes only